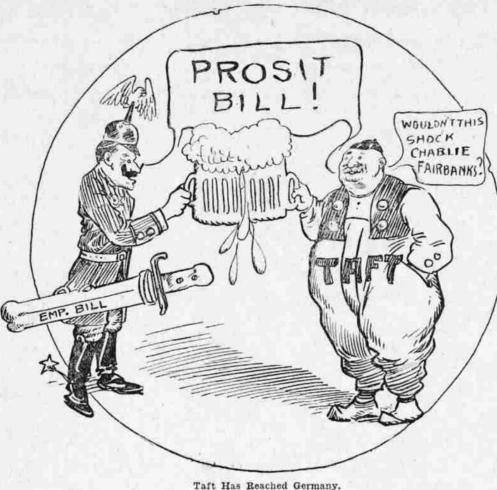
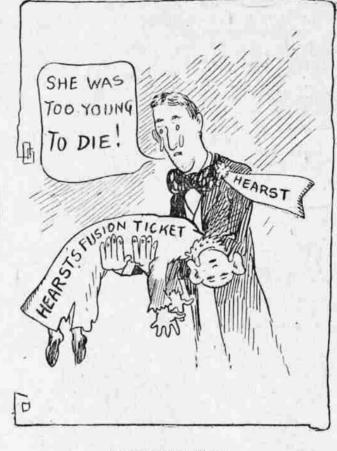
THE WEEK'S EVENTS REVIEWED BY CARTOONIST EVAN B. JOHNSON.









A Pertinent Question

Another Fusion Victim

Stocks and Bonds

Utah County Light and Power Co

Burke Whips O'Baran.
Harry O'Haran, barlender, was a punished by H. L. Burke, proprie the saloon at 108 West First South about 9 o'clock Saturday mentles fight originated in a wrangle on Bartenders' union. O'Haran sive and Rurke then knocked him der severely beat him. O'Haran, unawas taken to the police station as. G. Paul attended his biguies are not alarming. Burke had arrested up to a late hour Saturd for the reason that the police of find him.

A. H. Marrin, who recently from Butte. Mont., to seek robbed of \$50 in cash and a wat \$15 in the St. Nicholas room at West Temple and Seconstreets, Saturday morning. In occurred between 2 and 5 oclessays. When he awakened at hour his clothing was scattered floor and he saw that a window his room and the hall had been a

See Dubei's great removal nouncement in today's Tribuse

Col. J. H. Estill Dies.

find him.

BONDS.

Burke Whips O'Haran.

Robbed While Asleep.

corporation, were elected on the new board. The new members are:

E. H. Carv, chairman of the steel corporation; W. E. Corey, its president; W. B. Dickman, its vice-president, and Richard Trimble, Thomas Murray and W. J. Filbert, all officers of the steel corporation. The three vacancies on the board are yet to be filled.

An official of the United States Steel corporation said that of the \$32,000,000 capital stock of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railway company, between \$26.

ron & Railway company, between \$26,000,000 and \$27,000,000 had been deposited with J. P. Morgan & Company in exchange for United States Steel 5 per cent bonds.

HELP EXPECTED FROM EUROPEAN INVESTORS

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 .- A financia

force that will furnish a mighty uplift of no mean measure to the monetary situation throughout the United States may be reckoned upon to make itself felt within the near future, when European investors, according to views expressed today by international banking houses, are expected to come to the New York market and purchase stand-New York market and purchase standard securities whose prices have been forced to low levels by urgent liquidation. Purchasers of American securities on a large scale by foreign investors spells sheer gold imports of large proportions, and the opinion was freely expressed today that millions would soon be poured into New York in payment for securities purchased at the present levels. Arbitrage houses already report purchases of an investment character by England, and as the situation clears these purchases will increase.

England and the continent bought largely of American securities last March when the local market was sufforing from a severe decline, and arbi-trage brokers now say that bargain hunters abroad are again nibbling at

hunters abroad are again nibbling at good American securities.

"We are going to have some features of 1893 over again," said a member of the international banking house today. "After the storm, came the calm in that year, and while we were adjusting ourselves to a new order of affairs, the European investor came into our market and hought heavily of to our market and bought heavily of our stocks, which did more than anything else to bring needed gold to our shores. The storm center is now be-hind us and purchasers for foreign account will soon help swell our credit sbroad and prevent cessation of gold imports. I have London advices that many English institutions are disposing of English and Argentina rails in preparation for investment in this marhet. A momentary stringency, brought about by an excess of prosperity can never be provocative of continued distrust of our institutions, and with a trust of our institutions, and with a clearing situation the capital of Europe will find its way here for investment when the yield on the investment is greater than in any financial market in the world."

English houses are said to be bar of American securities, which were sold here last summer, according to reports made by arbitrage houses here today, and these houses may now be considered as probable purchasers of the very securities which they sold many points higher than present prices.

KANSAS CITY MOTOR CAR COMPANY FAILS

KANSAS CITY, No. 9 .- Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings were com-menced in the Federal court bere to night against the Kansas City Motor Car company, at the instance of F. E. Wear, president of the company, and

other creditors.

Mr. Wear, the principal creditor, said tonight that the company is solvent. tonight that the company is solvent but the temporary financial stringency

had made it impossible to finance the current business of the company.

The Kansas City Motor company's manufacturing plant is in the city and its officers stated that the available assets amount to \$150,000.

The liabilities of the company are The liabilities of the company are

REPORT IMPROVEMENT IN NEW YORK SITUATION

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—A prominent Treasury official said today that he had been in communication today by telephone with a number of New York bankers and that they had reported the financial situation as very noticeably improved. The money stringency was gradually but certainly relaxing and the banks were resuming shipments of considerable amounts of currency into the interior.

demand for the banks for additional circulation continues unabated, and the amounts already taken out and

shipped are said to be having a marked influence in relieving the present strin-

KANSAS CITY FIRM OWES OVER \$1,000,000

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 9.—Investigation of the affairs of J. E. Brady, president of the Merchants' Refrigerating company, shows that the obligations of Brady and the company amount to more than \$1,000,000. Banks in the East, and in small Missouri and Kansas towns, are the creditors.

In small Missourl and Kansas towns, are the creditors.

Attorney Hale C. Cook said tonight that his firm represents creditors holding a large amount of warrant warehouse certificates for eggs which are not in the warehouse of the company.

In checking up accounts held by other creditors Mr. Cook estimated that hetween \$400,000 and \$500,000 of such certificates are in existence.

Other attorneys say that \$4700 cases of eggs are found in the warehouses, while they held receipts for more than 100,000 cases.

they held receipts for more than 100,000 cases.

The notes put out by Brady, as president of the company, were eagerly taken by country bankers. A note for \$1500, secured by warchouse certificates for eggs worth \$2000 at the prevailing market price, was regarded as a gilt-edged fivestment and the notes found a quick market.

pend business temporarily, have al-ready made stipulations to accept, two, four and six-months' time certificates for their deposits. President Ragland of the bank states that all the deposi-tors accepted this method of placing the bank in good condition without pro test or complaint. He further states that in another week the bank will be able to open in sound condition.

More Gold for the West.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The subtreas-ury today transferred for banks, \$615, 000. Two hundred and thirty-five thou-sand dollars went to San Francisco, \$200,000 to Chicago and \$180,000 in small lots to other points. On the ar-rival of gold which has been engaged abroad by banks in other cities it will be transferred through the subtreasure transferred through the subtreasury to its destination.

Weiser Banks Use Scrip. Special to The Tribune.

WEISER, Idaho., Nov. 9 .- The banks of Weiser have organized a clearing house and have adopted a plan similar to the plan adopted by the banks of Boise a few days ago. The State bank examiners, it is said, have advised the banks of the State to organize themselves in clearing houses, and many have acted on their recommendation.

Paying Cash in Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 9.—The finan-cial situation in Omaha has improved to such an extent that one bank is now paying all its depositors cash in full on all checks drawn against that bank, as well as each in full on New York drafts when prescuted by a depositor of the head. of the bank.

Milwankee Falls in Line.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9.—Milwankee bankers today decided to issue clear-ing house certificates in denominations of \$1, \$5 and \$10, beginning Monday.

TO FORECLOSE MORTGAGE AGAINST METROPOLITAN

NEW YORK, Nov. 8—An action of foreclosure of a mortgage, which it held as trust against the property of the Metropolitan Street Railway company, has been begun by the National Trust company in the United States Circuit court. The mortgage was given to secure an issue of bonds that should at no time exceed \$55,000,000.

The action was recently commenced by the Morton Trust company against the receivers of the Metropolitan asking that the profits and earnings of the road he applied to the payment of interest for lease and rentals as provided for in the mortgage.

mortgage.

The receivers by order of the court are made parties to the action.

Judgeship for Blackburn. WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The Isthmian canal commission has appointed S. E. Blackburn, of Kentucky, a district judge in the Panama canal zone.

NATIONAL GUARD TRAINS SOLDIERS

Is the Second Strength of the Country in Times of War.

DUTY OF YOUNG MEN IS TO SERVE IN IT

Prepares in Times of Peace for Martial Campaign's

Guard.

The Constitution of the United States—that venerable document which we all revere—declares. "A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of citizens to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed." There is no question that the framers of the Constitution were right when they said that a well-regulated militia is necessary to the security of a free State. It is doubtless a realization of this as a fundamental truth which has quite generally led our people to designate the State subdivisions of the militia by a more expressive and truthful title, "the National Guard." This force is, in truth, the guard of the Nation. It stands as a first line behind the regular army to protect and defend the country in time of war. In it the best young men of our land are taught in peace how to do those things which they would have to do when trouble comes—to shoot, to cook, to camp, to march, to give and to obey orders.

Value of Guard.

Value of Guard.

Value of Guard.

In a country like ours, where the burden of a standing army is not placed upon the people: where we must, of necessity, depend in time of war upon the citizens, every male inhabitant ought to feel proud and glad to give as much time as he can afford in peace to preparing himself to fight the country's battles in war. War of itself is essentially an evil, an evil which we would all avoid when we can with honor, but the surest way to lessen the chances of our becoming involved in war, the plainest plan to preserve peace, is preparation. The National Guard, then, is primarily a training school, in which citizens are trained in peace for service when peace has fled, secondarily, it is the strong right arm of the State to reinforce the civil authority; but its ald ought not to be, and cannot be lawfully or rightfully, involved unless the ordinary peace officers have shown inability or disincilination to preserve peace.

The appropriations to support the National Guard come from the United States and the States, but an investigation of the conditions will disclose that the real contribution which makes the National Guard what it is, is patriotic devotion, the unselfish service and the zeal of the men who serve in it. A proper militia policy for this country involves the maintenance of a small but well-trained army, a strong may, a National Guard which is in fact, as well as name, the suard of the Nation, and the instruction of so many of our citizens as can be instructed in the use of the military rifle.

Sacrifices of Guardsmen.

Sacrifices of Guardsmen.

The men who serve in the National Guard make many sacrifices to do their work, because every liour spent in the service is taken from their civil employments or their pleasures. We cannot appreciate nor praise them too highly for their noble unselfishness; but all their labor and interest goes for nothing unless the people among whom they live believe in them and stand behind them. In late years, more than formerly, the realization has come to our people that the National Guard ought to be so organized in peace as to closely resemble the regular army, so that when ordered into the field in the event of war there might be practically no difference between the organizations. That, I say, has been the idea of our people, and it has been also the tendency of recent national legislation;

but it is not possible to accomplish the desired result unless the citizens of the State feel their responsibility for doing it. Not all citizens are so situated as to allow them to serve in the National Guard, not all citizens are physically fit to do so, but every one of such citizens can discharge, in part, the debt he owes to his country by assisting, alding and supporting those who are trying to make the National Guard of the United States what it ought to be.

One of the most important items of knowledge to a soldler is that which allows him to make the fullest use of the weapon with which he is armed. Skill with the rifle is becoming less common each year in this country among the general body of our citizens as the supply of game grows less and less. The purpose of the National Rifle Association of America is to encourage rifle practice among our citizens with every form of rifle, but to particularly assist in the instruction of men in the use of the military rifle. It seeks to accomplish this purpose largely through affiliated organizations, namely. State associations, regimental associations, civilian rifle clubs, college rifle clubs and schoolloy rifle clubs. Most of the States already have State associations, and I have organized here the Utah State Rifle association. It should be of much use in accomplishing the promotion of rifle practice in Utah.

Rifle Skill Progressing.

Rifle Skill Progressing.

CLARK SAYS FLURRY
IS PRACTICALLY OVER

CHICAGO, Nev. 2—That the financial flurry has practically ceased is the opinion of former United States Senutor W. A Clark, of Montans, who was in Chicago, nev. 2—That the financial flurry has practically ceased is the opinion of former United States Senutor W. A Clark, of Montans, who was in Chicago in the National Rifle association and chairman of the executive committee of the National Guard association, has such the recent heavy shipments of the National Guard association, has a chairman of the executive committee of the National Guard association, has seen in Salt Lake for a few days, or ganization of the country's finances and that conditions generally will speedily right themselves Mr. Clark left for the southwest tonight.

Depositors Good-Natured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—One third of the depositors of the Citizens State bank, the institution which took advantage of the bank holidays to suspend business temporarily, have already made stipulations to accept, two, four and six-months' time certificates for their deposits. President Ragland of the bank states that all the Avenarable down of the United States were head that pass year or two. The great national tifle matches of the United States were head that pass year or two. The great national tifle matches of the United States were head that pass year or two. The great national tifle matches of the United States were head that year of the National Rifle association and chairman of the executive committee of the Mational Rifle association and chairman of the executive committee of the National Rifle matches of the United States were present, forty-eight that we pass year or two. The great rational tifle matches of the United States were head, the pass year or two. The great national tifle matches of the United States were head, the pass year or two. The great rational tifle matches of the United States were head that pass year or two. The great Acture plant the head that passociation and that the National Rifle associ weapons used were the military arms of the respective countries and also that the American team finished firing at every range from twenty-one to thirty-one min-utes before the other contestants. An additional cause for gratification was the fact that the teams from the other coun-tries were acknowledged to be the best which had ever been sent out from them.

Score Hurt in Wreck.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Nov. 9.—An eastbound Detroit-Buffalo passenger train on the Wabash railroad collided with a freight train near the entrance to the Fort Wayne yards today, wrecking both engines and a number of freight cars. Several trainmen and a score or more of passengers were in jured, but none fatally.

Of Interest To Women. To such women as are not seriously out

of health but who have exacting duties to perform either in the way of household cares or in social duties and functions which seriously tax their strength, as well as to sursing mothers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has proved a most valuable supporting tonic and invigorating nervine. By its timely use, much serious sickness and authoring may be of health but who have exacting duties serious sickness and suffering may be worlded. The operating table and the surgeons' knife, would, it is believed, seldom have to be employed if this mos valuable woman's remedy were resorted to in good time. The "Favorite Prescriphas proven a great boon to expectant mothers by preparing the system for the coming of baby, thereby rendering childbirth safe, easy, and almost painless

Bear in mind, please that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not a secret or patent medicine, against which the mointelligent people are quite naturally averse, because of the uncertainty as to their composition and harmless character but is a MEDICINE OF KNOWN COMPOSI TION, a full list of all its ingredients being printed, in plain English, on every bottle wrapper. An examination of this list of ingredients will disclose the fact that it is non-alcoholic in its composition, chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine taking the place of the commonly used alcoholin its make-up. In this connection is may not be out of place to state that the "Favorite Prescription" of Dr. Pierce is the only medicine put up for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and all ments, and sold-through druggists, all the ingredients of which have the unanimous endorsement of all the leading printed, in plain English, on every bottle the ingredients of which have the unanimous endorsement of all the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice, and that too as remedies for the aliments for which "Favorite Prescription" is recommended. A little book of these endorsements will be sent to any address, post-paid, and absolutely "res if you request same by postal card, or letter, of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constination. "onstipation is the cause of

stipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you sure the disease. Easy to take as can

ZION'S MARTS

Disposed to Aid Banks in Meeting Situation in Financial Circles.

WEATHER HAS EFFECT ON THE RETAIL TRADE

Real Estate Feels the Stringency in a Way, but Not Strongly.

A gratifying instance of the confidence of the sober business men of the city in the financial soundness of all banking institutions is shown by the resolutions which have been adopted by all of the leading commercial associations of this city, commending the recent action of the Clearing House association in its attempt to prevent any extraordinary drain on the currency which is on hand. Here and there are heard complaints of hardships entailed by the new rules, especially from the real estate men, but the cases seem to be the exception rather than the rule and appear to be brought about by the A gratifying instance of the conand appear to be brought about by the refusal of some of the helders of real estate to accept anything for their holdings other than actual cash involved in the sale. It would appear that such cases grew out of a misunderstanding by the holders of such real estate of the reason for the making of the rules and a failure to see that their course of action worked hardships fully as severe upon themselves as upon any one else, and hindered the wise attempt by the banks to provide every one with the means to continue to do business, even in the face of what those same people called undue financial stringency. Sevcalled undue financial stringency. Several cases were also reported of people who wished money to use in their travels and who were at first inclined to criticize a ruling which prevented their leaving the city on account of a lack of cash with which to pay their expenses. As the persons did eventually leave the city on their travels for business or pleasure, one may suppose that the pleasure, one may suppose that the banks found a way to accommodate those parties according to their rules, by furnishing them with negotiable se-curities which could be turned into cash at the places they wished to visit.

Disposed to Assist Banks.

On the whole, there seems to have been a disposition to assist the banks in every way possible. The action of some few people, either through ignorance or timidity, in locking up their money in safe deposit vaults, is a regretable feature, and even this tendency not to realize that such an action operates to the injury of the whole business community is again somewhat relieved by the cases where large sums have been brought out of their hiding places by the very favorable premiums offered for loan on collateral, not only in Salt Lake, but in other cities. Another gratifying thing in the situation is the flowing of gold to this country from the European banks. The receipt of this gold in New York will relieve the tension materially, although as the additional currency will be used to strengthen the somewhat shaken confidence in some of the trust companies in New York, no appreciable effect of the incoming gold will be felt for some weeks.

Reports from the real estate field Disposed to Assist Banks.

weeks.

Reports from the real estate field indicate a decided falling off of the large sales and a slight decrease of the smaller transactions. Rentals are reported good and there appears to be no appreciable falling off in the sale of properties of the sale of properties of the sale of the sa properties for homes. Architects are preparing to erect a number of new apartment houses in various parts of apartment houses in various parts of the city, the most important of which will be that built for Ting Brothers, at Second South and Third East, by Ware & Treganza. The building ac-tivity in the southeast part of the city continues, and even in the north part of the city, and especially along the North Bench, there are many new houses being built. The new skyscrap-ers on Main street are going up into air at a rate that astonishes the quieter people, and are already giving an idea of how the city will appear when the of how the city will appear when the

business section is lined with such Retail Trade Good.

Retail Trade Good.

Again it is the weather that is affecting the retail dry goods trade and not any apparent lack of cash. Women will do their winter shopping in spite of any signs of financial distress, and as a result the trading is very good. The continued warm weather, however, causes a slight change in the qualities purchased, and it is the lighter weight fabries that are being sold rather than the essentially winter weights. There is some tendency to postpone buying winter garments, however, and as the hat must match the suit, the purchase of that is also postponed.

The trade in wholesale dry goods is good, with many orders away ahead of the supply. In some of the lines the mills are working overtime to supply certain of the materials, especially the lighter and medium cloths. There is a tendency to close out the winter goods, so as to make room for the spring patterns. The worsteds and open weave goods which are adapted to the present styles of separate skirts and whole suits are replacing the ordinarily more staple woolen goods. Imported broaddoths are so well sold out in the spring lines that there will be few open stocks obtainable from now on.

Mon's Garments.

fords all the year round. This probably accounts in some measure for the bly accounts in some measure for the continued brisk sale in the face of the weather conditions. The staple grades of men's shoes sell well, although a slight tendency is noticed to make the old shoes go as far as possible. The noticeable thing about the entire dry goods and clothing trade, however, is the indication of plenty of yoney among the people and the fact that the falling off is due to purely climatic conditions, which might come at any time, rather than to any financial stringency.

Except in mining machinery, hardware trade is excellent. Hu warm weather. Saws and tools sale.

in the lumber situation. There continues to be a shortage of cars from time to time, although some of the mill men think that cars could be furnished if a little more care were used in some quarters. There is a continued shortage of local stocks and dealers are ordering of some hother to fill orders.

The general business situation has, then, been good through the week. Ex-cept in the real estate field any falling off in trade has been due to purely loconditions or to causes that could be foreseen. There is an absence

character continues and indicate the public at large is little affects the reported shortage of most doubtedly there is a tendacy fields of activity to return be conditions after the someon usually good conditions of a fall and summer. Much of a ness in the real estate line may be a fall and summer affects by money market is problet to make the machinery is the real lightening of orders for mine smelter machinery is the real lightening of such operation. Utah farmers appear well most the world's goods, however, a is a great deal of activity is that do not depend on large money for their operation.

With the promised relief in y call situation and the passis somewhat dull winter months and obtedly come a renewal ity even greater than every spring. character continues and indi

obtainable from now on

Men's Garments.

Stocks and Bonds.

The following are the quaesthe stocks and bonds sold on a exchange Saturday:
Amalgamated Sugar Co., pfd., do common.
Beneficial Life Insurance Co., Blarnes Banking Co., Kayarille. Con. Wagon and Mach. Ca., pfd., do common.
Commercial National bank.
Descret National bank.
Descret Savings bank.
Davis Co. bank, Farmington First National bank, Ogden.
First National bank, Logan.
Home Fire Insurance Co., Heber J. Grant & Co.
Lewiston Sugar Co.
Nephil National bank
National Bank of the Republic.
Ogden Savings bank
Provo Com. and Saving bank
Rocky Mt. Bell Telephone Co., State Bank of Ulah.
Sugar City Townsite Co.
State Hank of Brigham Cit.
Thatcher Bros. Banking Co.
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co., common.
do preferred
Utah County Light and Power Citah. Engking Co.

Hardware Is Excellent.

hardware trade is excellent. Hunters' equipment continues to go at a lively rate, as if the ducks were still flying. Automobile supplies find a ready sale and the call for football goods indicates that the colleges are all open and rivalry waxes strong. The sale of this latter class of goods will continue until the end of the season. Stoves and furnaces bave suffered a slight decline in their sale even with the demand for the new homes that are being erected. This is doubtless due to the continued warm weather. Saws and tools of all kinds are selling briskly and builders and household hardware finds a ready sale. Saddlery and horse furnishings are also doing well. There has apparently been no change

ordering of each other to fill orders which cannot be filled in one yard, but might be filled in another. General Condition Good.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 2.—Co. Estill, proprietor of the Savanea ing News, died tenight. Union Dental 218 South Main. Honest Work. Honest P.

